

AMONG THE DAIRIES.

Mrs. A. J. Hoyle has completed building a new stable for her cattle. It is very convenient and clean as a pen.

Mr. John Bergling, of Brentwood road, has learned the secret of how to keep his dairy absolutely clean and free from odor. Pure, clean and wholesome milk ought to come from such a well kept place.

QUI K RESULTS.

N. Studer's seasonable announcement on 8th page appeared for the first time in our issue of Saturday, Nov. 3, 1900, and the responses were so prompt that on Tuesday, Nov. 6, he wrote the editor as follows:

Anacostia, D. C., Nov. 6, 1900.
Dear Sir:—Come over to-morrow. People want already more information in regard to varieties of stock, hence I will have to alter the adv.

Yours,
N. STUDER.

On Wednesday he ordered a much larger display adv., which will appear next week. Any square business man, who has something to offer that suburban people want, can use these columns to his financial advantage.

...THE LETTER...

Mr. W. A. Hahn,
Prop. Hahn's Reliable Dye House,
705 Ninth street, N. W.

Dear Sir:—We find you have been advertising in our columns constantly since July, 1890, when this paper was established.

You are the only business man who has with us then and still remains with us since you have been advertising in our columns continuously for a period of more than ten years we naturally have a curiosity to know how well you are satisfied with the publicity we have given you.

Respectfully yours,
THE SUBURBAN CITIZEN.

THE REPLY.

Editor Suburban Citizen.
Dear Sir:—In answer to your request I will say I am very well satisfied with results from my adv. in your paper. The fact of my adv. being in your paper for over ten years speaks for itself.

Respectfully,
W. A. HAHN,
705 Ninth street N. W.

East Washington Heights News.

The permanent organization of the people of this section was effected Tuesday evening under the name of the East Washington Citizens' Association with officers as follows: W. N. Freeman, president; C. Shellhorn, first vice-president; George H. Judd, second vice-president; M. B. Damer, third vice-president; A. Gude, fourth vice-president; David C. Fountain, secretary; John H. Ley, treasurer. Committees were appointed and active operations were begun.

BRIGHTWOOD NEWS.

We have been congratulated on every hand on account of the splendid special edition of last Saturday.

Mr. Louis P. Shoemaker has been confined to the house for the past week on account of sickness, but he is expected out in a few days.

A bomb shell was dropped into the affairs of the Brightwood driving track on Monday.

Mr. John Boyle's nursery has been inspected and found to be absolutely free from contagious or infectious plant disease or the San Jose scale. Hence that broad smile.

Switzerland's Army Is Large.

There is no country in Europe, with the exception of the little governments of Monaco and San Marino, which spends less for military purposes than Switzerland. The annual cost of its army is only about \$500,000, and yet, in case of necessity, it can put into the field within two days 100,000 trained soldiers and retain at the same time another 100,000 as reserves. In addition to its militia, numbering 270,000 men, says the New York Herald. In Switzerland young men are trained to become good rifle shots, and there is not a hamlet in the country, without a volunteer association formed for this purpose. Military service is also compulsory from the twenty-second to the thirty-second year, forty-five days' service being required during the first year and sixteen during every subsequent year. The soldiers keep their weapons and uniforms at their own homes, and are held responsible for them by the government, which inspects them carefully once a year.

The Ball Trick.

The "ball trick" is rather surprising. Get a turner to make a large, wooden ball, and have a hole bored through the ball, not straight, but curved. Through this hole pass a fine rope or thick cord and tie a knot in each to prevent its coming off. In showing the ball have the cord out of it and then in sight of every one pass the cord through the hole in the ball. The ball will run easily backward and forward on the rope. Taking the ball at one end of the rope, place your foot on the other and hold it almost perpendicularly and allow the ball to slide down; you can cause it to stop instantly by simply drawing the rope perfectly tight and upon again slackening it the ball will again slide down the rope. In this way the ball can be made to walk a few inches and then stop and then to go on again, by straining or slackening the rope.

It isn't always the man who has the most nose that knows the most.

FOOD FOR REFLECTION.

A Few Thoughts in Relation to Northeast Washington.

SOME TERSELY TOLD TRUTHS

By One of the Foremost Leaders of Thought in That Section That Will Amply Justify a Careful Perusal.

TO SUBURBAN PEOPLE:—

The object of the following lines is to attract the attention of the suburban people to the many superior advantages offered by the northeast section of Washington as a place of residence.

If you live in the suburbs and contemplate making a change, come to northeast section of Washington and look around.

It is a section that will bear the closest scrutiny.

It is a section that offers the greatest possible inducements to men of moderate means.

It is a section dotted with homes, peopled by orderly, law-abiding and thrifty people.

It offers to the tenant low rent and a comfortable home.

It offers to the purchaser numerous well-built houses at very low cost.

Among the thousand and more advantages offered by every well ordered city, you will find in Northeast Washington—

The very finest schools.
Ample police protection.
Excellent fire protection.
Rapid transit to all parts of the District of Columbia for one fare.

Well paved streets.
Well lighted streets.
Good sidewalks.

A complete and perfect sewerage system.

Churches of all denominations.

A good market.

A temple where many different lodges meet.

Societies of all kinds.

Theatres within easy access.

In short, everything that makes for the comfort, peace and well being of mankind.

In the matter of healthfulness Northeast Washington is the banner section of the District.

If you have been unfortunate enough to buy a home situated remote from the comforts of life and are ever fortunate enough to sell, come to Northeast Washington and we will put you in close touch with the good things of this life.

Do you suffer from—
Poor roads?
Poor sidewalks?
Poor police protection?
Poor fire protection?
Poor social surroundings?
Poor church advantages?
Poor municipal government?

If so, your symptoms indicate that a change would be desirable. Relief from all the above troubles may be had in Northeast Washington.

Respectfully,
LORING CHAPPEL,
822 H St. N. E.

Note—We have known Mr. Chappel for a number of years and it is no disparagement to other men of ability in Northeast Washington, neither is it any reflection on them to say that he stands out conspicuously as the one man whose opinion is most frequently sought and most highly valued.

He came to the Northeast section of Washington in 1872 with \$17,000, which he invested there and he has resided in the same locality continuously ever since.

His faith in the section and its future was strong in 1872, and it has continued uninterruptedly ever since, being to-day stronger than ever.

He has built more than one hundred and twenty-five and possibly as many as one hundred and fifty houses in the Northeast section, and they have all been well built, substantial structures that have found ready sale.

He is one of the largest if not the largest holder of real property in his section, and a man whose word no one disputes.

He is a member of the Board of Trade and an active member of the Northeast Washington Citizens' Association, besides being connected with other organizations that make for progress.

His success has not warped his judgment, so that parties seeking his advice can rely absolutely on what he says. Suburban people who for any cause desire to make a change will find in the reflections over Mr. Chappel's signature much food for thought and we commend them to our readers.—[Editor Suburban Citizen.]

Want Insulating Gloves.

A prize of \$200 is offered by an industrial association of France for the best insulating gloves for electrical workmen. They must be strong enough to resist not only the electric pressure, but also accidental perforations by wires, etc., and must in addition be easy to wear by hands of any size, and allow the workmen's fingers sufficient freedom to execute their work. The competition is international.

Saw Romans Mob an Anarchist.

Rev. A. B. White, pastor of the Austin, Ill., Methodist Episcopal church, who recently returned from a European trip, was in Rome at the time King Humbert was assassinated. He says the people were infuriated by the murder of the king, and he saw a mob dragging the editor of an anarchist paper through the streets.

THE MUSHROOM FAD.

A New Means of Pin Money for Women Who Have Cellars.

Mushroom growing is said to be the latest fad that has attacked Baltimore, and interesting stories of the success, both material and financial, that private growers of mushrooms are meeting with are being circulated. The cellars of a brewing establishment no longer in operation in the southwestern section of the city have been converted into mushroom farms by some enterprising growers, and it is said that they are yielding very satisfactory crops.

Besides these growers, who have gone into the business on an extensive scale, a number of women have started smaller farms in the cellars of the houses in which they live. According to the figures given by Theodore Eckhardt these women farmers run a fair chance of adding very considerably to their pin money.

The yield from a fifteen-foot bed, Mr. Eckhardt said, should be about ninety pecks in three months. The cost of the bed would be about \$10. The mushrooms would sell for 75 cents a peck, bringing the farmer \$67.50, making a gain of \$57.50 on the undertaking.

The things that are necessary for success in mushroom growing, according to Mr. Eckhardt, are, first, the cellar in which they are to be grown (and this must be so arranged that the plants can be kept at a temperature of from sixty to seventy degrees); second, good ventilation, as plenty of fresh air is essential. Arrangements must be available also by which the soil can be kept moist.

Good manure, rich in phosphate, must be used to form the foundation of the bed, which will be built preferably upon a dirt floor. Two loads will be necessary for a bed fifteen feet long. The mushroom spawn can be procured in the shape of bricks from the florists and nurserymen. The temperature of the bed must be tested, and no planting must be done until it is below ninety-five degrees. Then the bricks can be broken in half-inch pieces and distributed evenly over the bed.

In eight or ten days a white thread-like growth will begin to appear, and when this is noticed the bed must be covered to the depth of one-half to three-quarters of an inch with sandy loam. The beds are built in conical shape, starting from a base about three feet wide and building up to about two and a half feet high, with a width of about ten inches on top. A frame of six-inch boards may be used to keep the bed in place.

The expenses will be: For manure, \$4; labor, \$2.50; six bricks of mushroom spawn, \$1; loam, \$2.50.—Baltimore Sun.

A Snake That Crows.

There exists in Venezuela a species of snake of an exceedingly venomous and crafty character. This snake utters a cry that is the almost exact replica of a cock crow. The unwary traveler when walking through the bush will be astonished to hear near at hand this extraordinary crowing. He proceeds toward the spot, when the snake darts out and stings the unfortunate man with its terrible forked tongue. If not taken promptly in hand, the sting will in nine cases out of ten turn out to be fatal.

The natives of Venezuela are very superstitious. And as regards the rattlesnake they have a curious belief. They affirm that if a rattlesnake is captured and the bones in its tail which form the rattle removed the snake will never rest until it has sought out the man that committed the theft and exacted vengeance for the robbery.

They cite instances of men who have taken the rattles and gone far journeys only to be followed by the infuriated snake and killed. Whether there is any truth in this matter of conjecture. If half the tales that are told have any truth in them, it would seem superfluous to gainsay the superstition.

Some Odd Conclusions.

The proper study of mankind is man—said Pope. How long have we been here? The mussel beds of Cagliari prove that we fished there more than 20,000 years ago. The coral reefs of Southern Florida show that we masticated there 10,000 years ago. It is only at the age of twelve that boys and girls are of the same weight. When man and woman have attained their full development they weigh almost twenty times as much as at birth. Their height is about three and one-fourth times greater than at birth. In old age man and woman lose from thirteen to fifteen pounds in weight, and about one-third of an inch in height. Man does not acquire his complete growth until he has completed his twenty-fifth year, he attains his maximum weight at forty and begins to waste sensibly at sixty. Woman attains her maximum weight at fifty. The average strength of a well-developed man is 196 pounds, or about forty-two pounds more than his weight in his clothes. The right hand is about one-sixth stronger than the left.—Victor Smith, in New York Press.

Heard Him Sigh.

"I have been sitting on the porch listening to the sighing of the wind," she said sentimentally, by way of explanation of her long absence from the house.

"Yes; I heard him sigh," promptly put in the small boy.

"Him? Who?" demanded the head of the household.

"Why, that young fellow you always said was nothing but wind," answered the boy; and thus was the secret betrayed.—Chicago Post.

HOME, SWEET HOME.

THERE IS NO PLACE LIKE HOME.



HAT can make Home, especially a Suburban Home more beautiful than by surrounding it with some of nature's most beautiful plants, shrubs, evergreens, vines, &c.

Even a vacant lot will become more attractive, will improve in value, and find a more ready sale if planted with a few of the above mentioned stock.

During the dreary winter days a few well kept plants will make "Home" still more sweet and then they are much cheaper than short-lived cut flowers.

Studer, the well known Horticulturist, situated on Harrison Street, Anacostia, D. C., always keeps a large supply of reliable and healthy stock of the above and will gladly furnish same at very reasonable prices. Call on him or at his stands, 421 and 422 Centre Market, or write for particulars. A few items from his stock are mentioned below.

HOUSE PLANTS.

Palms, Ferns, Draceneas, Pandanes, Rubber, &c., from 25c. up to \$10.00. Special mention should be made here of his new Giant Fern "Washingtonensis" which will grow in one season from 5 to 6 feet long, and has leaves 15 to 18 inches wide. It is very hardy.

BLOOMING HOUSE PLANTS such as Primulas, Cyclamen, Cinerarias, from 25c. to 50c., Begonias, Geraniums and other blooming house plants, also the popular Umbrella Palm, smaller Ferns, &c., from 10c. to 15c. up.

Any variety of above plants will be rented for church or house decorations, for weddings, parties, &c. Cut flowers for funerals and all other purposes furnished at very reasonable prices.

FOR OUT DOOR PLANTING.

Fruit, Shade and ornamental Trees from 25c. up. Small Fruits, Berries and Grape Vines from 10c. up. Beautiful Japanese Maples from 25c. up.

BLOOMING SHRUBS, such as Atheas, Spireas, Deutzias, Snowballs, Lilacs, Weigelia, Forsythias, Japan Quince, Hydrangea and California Privet for hedges, &c., from 15c. up.

BLOOMING HARDY PLANTS, Phlox, Pinks, Aquilegias, Hollyhock, Rudbeckia, &c., from 10c. up.

HARDY VINES, Clematis, Wistaria, Honeysuckle, Ampelopsis or Boston Ivy, Passion Vine, English Ivy, &c., from 15c. to 25c. up. Creeping Myrtle for cemetery at \$3.00 per 100.

EVERGREENS, such as American and Oriental Arbor Vitae, Junipers, Norway, and other Spruce, Pines, Mahonia, Enonymus, Buxus, &c., from 15c. to 25c. Magnolia Grandiflora 50c.

ROSES in great and reliable varieties; Bush, Climbing, Moss and Evergreen Roses from 15c. to 25c. All the hardy stock can be planted now and as long as the ground is not frozen hard.

N. STUDER,
Harrison Street,
ANACOSTIA, D. C.



BRIGHTWOOD HOTEL,

TH. FELTER, Prop.

BRIGHTWOOD, D. C.

A Properly Conducted Road House. Can be reached from any part of the city for one fare. Ask for the transfer to the Brightwood Line.

Refreshments, Meals and Lunches served on short notice and at all hours.

Long Distance Telephone.

BY CAT'S EYES.

Chinese Tell the Hour by the Line in the Feline Visual Organ.

It must be conceded that in some qualities of primitive, but practical resourcefulness the Chinese are ahead of most civilized nations. All travelers agree that if in a district where clocks and watches are unknown you ask a Chinaman the time of day he will, if well disposed, at once proceed to ambuscade and capture the household cat, and after pushing up the lids and looking for a moment into its eyes he will tell the time with astonishing accuracy. The explanation is a simple physiological one. The pupils of the cat's eyes constantly contract until midday, when they become like a fine line, as thin as a hair drawn perpendicularly across the eye; after twelve they begin again to dilate. It is to be hoped that if the practice is ever introduced into this country watches and clocks will continue to be made, as there will probably be many who will not care to run after a cat whenever they want to know the hour, or who may fear some danger to their own eyes from too close an examination of hers. The Chinese have by no means a monopoly of the cat as a perambulating time-piece. The negroes of Jamaica are very well acquainted with the method of telling the time by looking at the effect of the sun on pussy's eyes, and those who twenty years ago were quite illiterate and could not tell the time by a watch used to resort to this method for discovering the time of day. I have myself repeatedly, watch in hand, asked a negro to tell the time in this way, and it was very rare indeed for him to be five minutes out of the clock.

DON'T EAT POOR MEATS

"Only the Best."

WHEN YOU CAN BUY FROM US

Delicious Hams, Tongues,
Mild-Cured Bacon, Prime
Beef, Fresh Pork, and
Reliable Sausage.

ANDREW LOEFFLER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer.

...STANDS...

640, 642 Centre Market, 73 O Street Market,
618, 620 N. L. Market, 65 Western Market,

33 Northeast Market.

Residence and Factory--BRIGHTWOOD AVENUE.

"AS WE JOURNEY THROUGH LIFE
LET US LIVE BY THE WAY."

-- WE HAVE THE VEHICLE END OF IT.

In our salesrooms you will find on exhibition

**PLEASURE and
DRIVING
CARRIAGES**

Of various grades in suitable variety. We build work to order and sell manufactured goods, such as Harness, Whips, Laprobes, Blankets, &c.

BLACKSMITHING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

J. A. WINEBERGER,

3600 BRIGHTWOOD AVENUE, N. W.